

To remember!
PCM tips

- **For:** duration of time (do years) + present perfect (have done)
- **Since:** Specific time (1996) + past simple
- **Whom:** always que.
- You had better improve if: tu ferrais mieux.
- **few** students are present: countable
- **many,**
- **Less, little, much:** uncountable
- **far** → further (not farther!)
- Succeed in doing smth.
- **used to do smth:** not doing it anymore.
- **acc. used to do smth:** doing it still.
- **on time:** à l'heure.
- **in time:** à temps (précis) ⇒ You should give the work in time.
- 2 actions and one before another:
 - 1st: Past continuous
 - 2nd: p. past

⇒ She ^② was reading a book when someone ^① knocked

• Adjectif avant le nom: Ne s'accorde pas!

⇒ first two exercises.

(Quant) adj

→ Nom

⇒ a twelve-day stay in Paris

adj

Nom

Beauty (beautiful girls)

Age (young girls)

Number (first days)

Greatness (good girls)

Size (big girls)

[the young] = Noun

- **Most**: Parler en génie rate sans explication.
- **Most of**: Parler avec explication.
- **Much too**: beaucoup trop (Much too angry) [uncountable]
- **Remind me of smth**
 ↳ remember smth.
- **For** → present perfect (-has been dead for 6 years) duration
- **Ago** → $\$$. past (2 hours ago, 1 year ago) specific.
- **Too many**: un truc de trop: (he had drunk one too many) [countable]
- **Hightime / time** + $\$$. past.
- **First time** + pr. perfect: Is it the first time you have done it?
- **Why not** + infinitive: Why not go?
- **All the more as** = as much as (all the more tired as....)
- ... **Does she? Doesn't she?**:
 + → -
 - → +
- **I would rather** + noun + $\$$. past: I'd rather Peter didn't wait for us.
- **2 things**: nicer / best.
- **3 things**: nicest / better.
- **How COME?**

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Late by • Early by • Scarcely • Recently • Hardly 	}	⇒ + present perfect had I	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No hardly ⇒ ^{P.P} ... when ... No scarcely ... No sooner ⇒ ^{P.P} ... than ...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wish + 	}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ↳ S + past → to regret present situations ↳ Past Perfect → Past situations ↳ would + verb → future situations 	

- No WILL WITH WHEN, AS SOON AS! ^{with present}
- Put up with = supporter = underpin.
- Looks her best (of goal) : She looks her best when she is in white.
- Worse yet : Discrepancy.
- Do it on your own (of by).
- Drop in : short visit.
- Injured & those.
- Result in : Will these measures result in accidents?
- Worth doing : It isn't worth inviting her.
- ever since : depuis lors.
- Let's go to see her, shall we? [n'est-ce pas?]
- Never have we. (inversion) / Not only + inversion.
- Look forward to doing $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{for} \\ \text{not} \\ \text{in} \\ \text{white} \end{array} \right\} + \text{Gerund (ing)}$

- 'd $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{had (B.B.)} = \text{Rather} \\ \text{would (infinitive)} = \text{Better} \end{array} \right.$
- Prefer to do ... Rather than ... (to) do ...
- Prefer doing ... To ...
- Prefer + noun ... To ... + noun.
- Would prefer + to do (of ing)
- Would prefer to do ... rather than to do ...
- Would rather do ... Than do ...
- $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{for} \\ \text{Since} \end{array} \right\}$ depuis \Rightarrow Perfect forms
- for \rightarrow pendant \Rightarrow Simple past

• { in order to } + infinitive ⇒ A fin de.

• { in order that } + Subject + Verb ⇒ A fin que.

• I Hope + Future.

• { to behalf of } ⇒ Au nom de.
• { at " } ⇒ Au nom de.
• { in " } ⇒ en faveur de.
• { on " } ⇒ de la part de.

• Put down : déposer

• { Although + subject + verb }
• { Even though + subject + verb }
• { In spite of + subject + verb }

• Unless = if not ⇒ - Unless we leave now, we'll be late.
- if we don't leave now, we'll be late.
• As long as ⇒ - As long as you study, you will do well.
- As long as you don't study, you won't do well.

• { As many + Countable as }
• { As much + Uncountable as } } Autant de.

• définis + passé composé = présent Perfect Simple

• Present Perfect with For / since

Action finished = Passé composé + depuis

• Present Perfect Simple with For / since = le présent, depuis

Action en cours

• Present Perfect Continuous without For / since = passé composé

• Present Perfect Continuous with For / since = le présent

• For $\begin{cases} \text{simple part} = \text{depuis} \\ \text{simple part} = \text{pendant} \end{cases}$

• Every day = Adverb
 Everyday = Adjective

• wish + past simple : Ex: I wish I would drive
 I wish I had a car
 I wish I was at the beach

• This = proximité (temps / espace)
 That = distance (temps / espace)

• Article \rightarrow De Ex: La voiture De John = the job's car
 The \rightarrow Du / de la / de Ex: the president's car = the car of the president

• The ... of Ex: Le fond de la mer = The bed of the sea
 = The sea bed.

• Numbers with -s / of:
 Avec une précision = sans -s / of
 Sans précision (DES...) = avec -s / of

• The same (+ nom +) as Ex: Obama has the same problem as Clinton

	Dénombrable / le plus de	Indénombrable
Autant de	As many ... as	As much ... as
Moins de	Fewer ... than Not as many ... as	Less ... than Not as much ... as
Plus de	More ... than	More ... than
Un peu plus de / quelques en plus	A few more than	A little more than
De plus en plus de	More and more ...	More and more ...
De moins en moins de	Fewer and fewer ...	Less and less ...
Deux fois plus	Twice as many ... as	Twice as much ... as
Trois/quatre/dix fois plus que	Three times as many ... as	Three times as much ... as